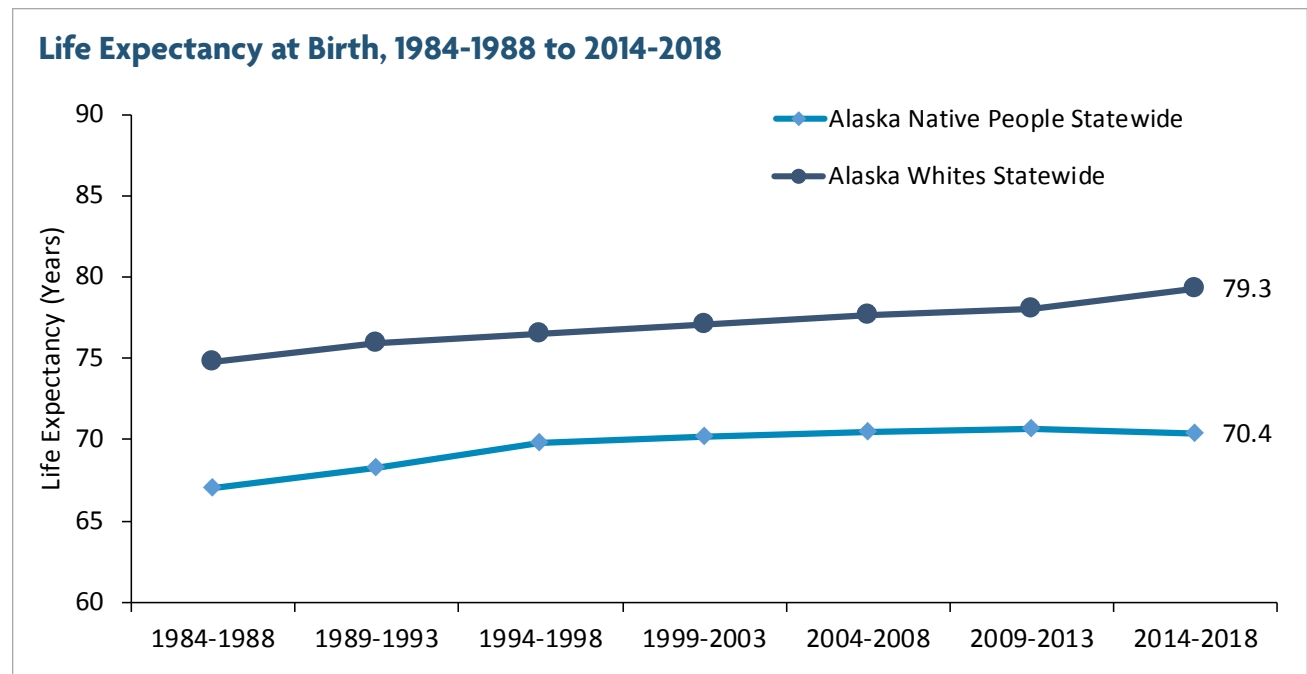


Life Expectancy



Data Source: Alaska Division of Public Health, Alaska Health Analytics and Vital Records Section
Table C-15

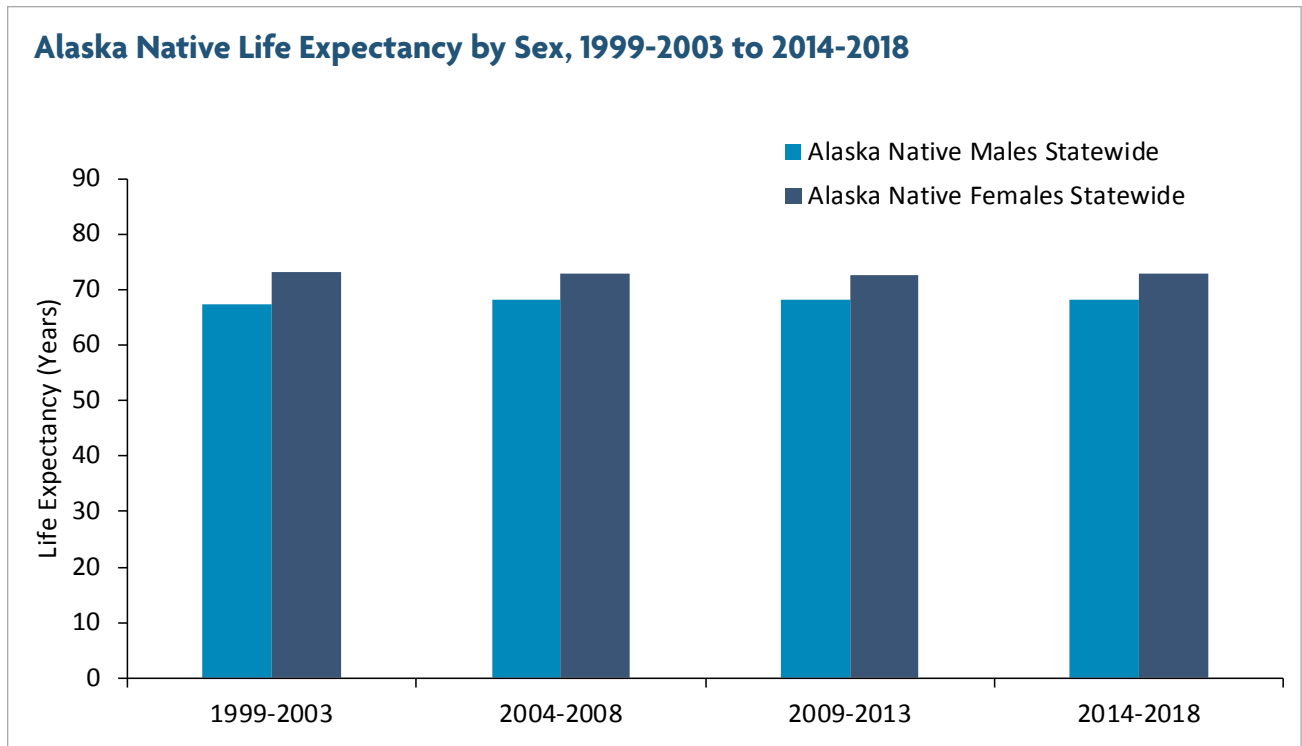
Definition

Life expectancy at birth is the average number of years a person is expected to live from birth, based on the year in which they were born. Life expectancy is an indicator of the overall mortality at all ages for a population.

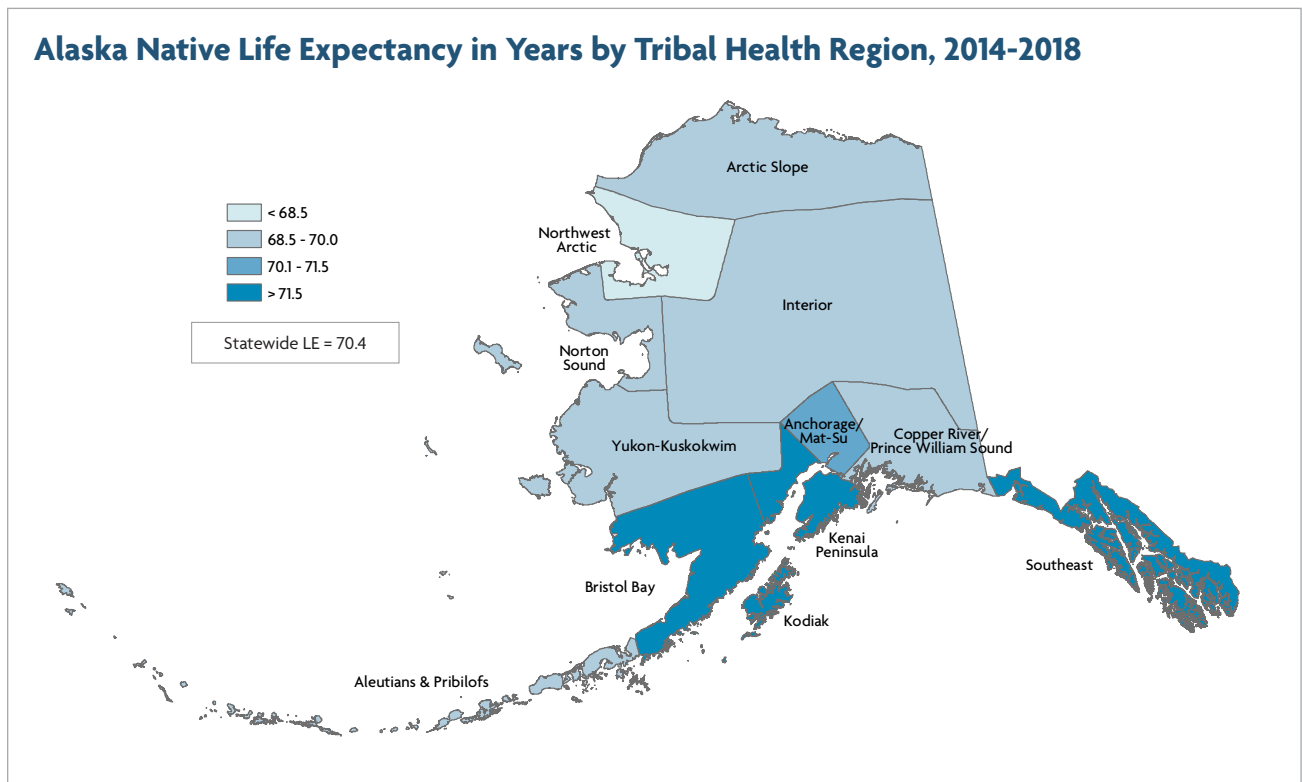
Summary

- » Life expectancy at birth among Alaska Native people increased by 4.5 years since 1984–1988, reaching 70.4 years during 2014–2018.
- » Despite the increase in life expectancy among Alaska Native people, a gap of 8.9 years existed between Alaska Native and Alaska White life expectancies during 2014–2018.
- » Alaska Native females have a higher average life expectancy compared with males. This gender gap has remained stable since 1999–2003.
- » Life expectancy varied by Tribal health region, ranging from 68.2 to 74.4 years.

Life Expectancy



Data Source: Alaska Division of Public Health, Alaska Health Analytics and Vital Records Section



Data Source: Alaska Health Analytics and Vital Records Section
Table C-16

Life Expectancy

Table C-15: Life Expectancy at Birth, 1984-1988 to 2014-2018

	Alaska Native People Statewide	Alaska Whites Statewide
1984-1988	67.0	73.9
1989-1993	68.3	74.8
1994-1998	69.8	75.9
1999-2003	70.2	76.5
2004-2008	70.5	77.1
2009-2013	70.7	77.7
2014-2018	70.4	79.3

Table C-16: Alaska Native Life Expectancy in Years by Tribal Health Region, 2014-2018

	Alaska Native People
Kenai Peninsula	74.4
Southeast	72.8
Kodiak Area	72.2
Bristol Bay	71.7
Anchorage/Mat-Su	70.1
Copper River/Prince William Sound	70.0
Interior	70.0
Norton Sound	69.5
Yukon-Kuskokwim	69.4
Arctic Slope	69.3
Aleutians & Pribilofs	69.2
Northwest Arctic	68.2
Statewide	70.4

Data Source: Alaska Division of Public Health, Alaska Health Analytics and Vital Records Section